

7.3 Appendix C – Chapter 4 Materials

7.3.1. Section 1: Gold mining history in the Yellowknife region

The discovery of gold mineralization along the Yellowknife Greenstone Belt in the early 1930s saw the establishment of the Con/Negus and Giant mines, which were the largest of several operations that occurred in the region (Figure 4.1). Long-lived gold production from both mines, especially Giant Mine (~7 million ounces of gold between 1948 and 1999), stimulated the economy of the Northwest Territories and directly contributed to the establishment of the city of Yellowknife as territorial capital (Bullen and Robb, 2005). Due to the refractory mineralogy of the gold-bearing ores in the Yellowknife supergroup, ore roasting (at 500°C) was employed to liberate gold from the gold-bearing sulfides. These ore processing activities left behind a legacy of As contamination at the surrounding landscape and in area lakes (Palmer et al., 2015; Galloway et al., 2012, 2015, 2017). A byproduct of the roasting procedure was the release of arsenic trioxide (As_2O_3) particulate and SO_x vapor that were emitted directly to the atmosphere through roaster stack emissions. The first decade of ore processing at Giant Mine saw the release of As_2O_3 to the atmosphere (~2600 tonnes/year; MacDonald, 1997; Wrye, 2008) with an estimated 20,000 tonnes of As_2O_3 aerially emitted prior to implementation of any emission controls that significantly reduced emissions from 1951 to 1958 (Jackson et al., 1996). Further emission reductions were achieved following installation of a bag house in 1985. However, a significant proportion of

the legacy of As_2O_3 contamination emitted during the early years of mining remains distributed across the regional landscape (Schuh et al., 2017; Van Den Berghe et al., 2017).

Numerous studies from the Yellowknife region have reported levels of As in the soil (Hocking, 1978), lake sediments (Jackson et al., 1996; Mace, 1998; Galloway et al., 2015, 2017), and lake water samples (Jackson et al., 1996; Palmer et al., 2015) that significantly exceed thresholds detailed in the Canadian Council of the Ministers of the Environment (CCME) guidelines for all three media (Supplementary Table 4; CCME, 1997; CCME, 2002; GNW Environment and Natural Resources, 2003). For this reason the ongoing impact of As contamination on local ecosystems and human health remain a concern to the residents of Yellowknife even after the official cessation of the Giant Mine activities in 1999, after which 237,176 tonnes of As_2O_3 was placed in cryostorage within the former Giant Mine site (Jamieson et al., 2014). Studies aimed at assessing residual levels of As contamination in the environment within and around the two gold mines and work on the development of efficient monitoring, remediation, and mitigation methodologies are ongoing (Andrade et al., 2010; Palmer et al., 2015; Nasser et al., 2016; Galloway et al., 2015, 2017; Schuh et al., 2017; Van Den Berghe et al., 2017).

7.3.2. Section 2: Detailed description of the five identified Arcellinidan assemblages

7.3.2.1 Assemblage 1 - 'High Arsenic Contamination Assemblage' (HAC; n= 15)

The High Arsenic Contamination Assemblage (HAC) inhabited relatively small lakes (median lake area= 24.6 ha) located mainly along the northern and western transects (93.2% of the samples; $n = 14$) (Figure 4.1). The assemblage was exclusively comprised of samples collected during the 2012 survey (i.e. BC12). Lakes hosting the HAC were relatively close to Giant Mine with a median distance of 11.1 km. Arcellinidan taxa characterizing this assemblage were mainly found at a relatively shallow water depth (median water depth = 1.5 m) in silty substrates (median silt% = 75.4%) (Supplementary Table 1). The SDI measured for this assemblage ranged between 1-2.2 SDI (Median SDI = 1.5), which is reflective of stressed to transitional environmental conditions (Magurran, 1988).

Results of NMDS, RDA and cluster analysis demonstrate that samples containing HAC closely clustering together (Figure 4.4, 4.5, 4.6). The RDA tri-plot also showed that HAC correlated positively with As, S1-carbon, and Hg, and negatively with Ba, Na and Ca (Figure 4.7). The positive correlation between the assemblage, As and S1-carbon is expected as samples comprising HAC were characterized by the highest concentrations of sedimentary As (median As = 290.4 ppm; range = 38.1-10000 ppm) and S1-carbon (median S1-carbon = 50.4 mg HC/g rock; range = 33.9-66.5 HC/g rock) among the identified assemblages (Supplementary Table 1). All samples had levels of As exceeding the interim

sediment quality guidelines (ISQG = 5.9 ppm) and the probable effect levels (PEL = 17 ppm; CCEM, 2002). Such high As concentrations were expected since the majority of lakes hosting HAC are located downwind from the site of Giant Mine, with the exception of a single outlier in BC36 located along the eastern transect (Figure 4.1).

The assemblage composition of HAC was dominated by the highest average abundance of *Diffugia elegans* Penard, 1890 (median abundance = 40.5%) compared to the other assemblages (Supplementary Table 4.1). *Centropyxis constricta* (Ehrenberg 1843) strain “aerophila” (median abundance = 27.9%) and *Centropyxis constricta* (Ehrenberg 1843) strain “constricta” (median abundance = 13.9%) were also present in significant numbers. Species like *Diffugia oblonga* Ehrenberg 1832 strain “oblonga” (median abundance = 1.8%), *Curcurbitella tricuspis* (Carter 1856) (median abundance = 1.1%) are present but only in low proportions. The dominance of *D. elegans* and other centropyxid taxa and the relatively low presence of *D. oblonga* strain ‘oblonga’ and *C. tricuspis* is reflective of relatively stressed environmental conditions in the lakes hosting HAC. This is supported by the measured SDI values for the assemblage (SDI=1-2.2), which suggest stressed to transitional environmental conditions (Magurran, 1988).

7.3.2.2 Assemblage 2 - 'Arsenic Contamination Assemblage' (AC; n=16)

The Arsenic Contamination Assemblage (AC) is found in relatively small lakes (median lake area = 33.2 ha) along the western and northern transects (87.5% of the samples; $n = 14$) (Figure 4.1). The assemblage is mostly made up of samples collected during the 2014 survey (81.25% YK14 samples; $n = 13$). On average, the sampled lakes characterized by the AC were relatively close to GM (median distance = 8.7 km) and are even closer to the mine. Similar to HAC, Arcellinidan taxa characterizing AC were mainly found at relatively shallow water depth (median water depth = 2.1 m) in silty substrates (median silt% = 77.8%) (Supplementary Table 4.1). The SDI measured for this assemblage (1.4-2 SDI; median SDI = 1.8) is reflective of stressed to transitional environmental conditions (Magurran, 1988).

Results of NMDS and RDA analysis are mostly in agreement with the findings of cluster analysis and showed members of AC clustering distinctly from the other assemblages (Figures 4.4, 4.5, 4.6). An exception to that is sample YK17, which still belongs to AC in all analyses, but plots closely to HAC in NMDS and RDA (Figures 4.5, 4.6). The faunal composition of YK17, while mostly similar to AC, have notably low *C. aculeata* (Ehrenberg 1832) strains “aculeata” (median abundance = 1%), which is more characteristic to HACA (Supplementary Table 4.1). The RDA tri-plot showed that AC correlated positively with As, S1-carbon, TOC, and negatively with Ba, Distance to Giant Mine and P (Figure 4.6). Similar to HAC, the strong positive correlation between the assemblage, As and S1-carbon is

expected as samples composing AC were characterized by the second highest sedimentary As average (median As = 280.6 ppm; range = 21.1-3312 ppm) and very similar S1- carbon (median S1-carbon= 53.2 mg HC/g rock; range = 34.8-59.8 HC/g rock) (Supplementary Table 4.1). The majority of samples had As levels beyond CCME guidelines, with the exception of three outliers (BC49, BC50 and YK24) having levels below 35 PPM (Supplementary Table 4.1; CCEM, 2002). In fact, this assemblage is almost identical to HAC in all aspects with the exception of (1) the reduced, yet high, As and S1 median, and (2) the subtle increase in taxa diversity in AC (1.4-2 SDI; median SDI = 1.8).

While still dominant in AC, *D. elegans* Penard, 1890 (median abundance = 30.3%) experienced a notable reduction coupled with an increase in the relative abundance of *C. aculeata* (Ehrenberg 1832) strains “aculeata” (median abundance = 10.2%), *C. aculeata* (Ehrenberg 1832) strains “discoïdes” (median abundance = 6%), and *C. constricta* (Ehrenberg 1843) strain “constricta” (median abundance = 17.2%) (Supplementary Table 1). *C. constricta* (Ehrenberg 1843) strain “aerophila” (median abundance = 16.7%) were still present in significant, yet reduced, numbers (Supplementary Table 1). *Diffflugia oblonga* Ehrenberg 1832 strain “oblonga” (median abundance = 0.8%), and *C. tricuspis* (Carter 1856) (median abundance = 2.1%) are also common in some of the samples, but in low proportions.

The continued presence of high proportions of stress-indicating taxa (e.g. *D. elegans* and centropixid species and strains), low numbers of healthy-lakes dwellers (e.g. *D. oblonga* strain ‘oblonga’ and *C. tricuspis*), and the relatively high As concentration median indicates continued stress in the lakes hosting AC.

However, the abundance of the dominant taxa in this assemblage is reduced when compared to the values of HAC. This reduction of stress-indicating taxa is interpreted to be in response to reduced stress in lakes hosting AC. This is supported by a subtle increase in assemblage diversity (1.4-2 SDI; median SDI = 1.8) and reduction of the levels of As and key stress-indicating taxa. However, species like *D. oblonga* strain “oblonga” and *C. tricuspis* did not seem to respond to reduced As concentration. This is likely attributed to the fact that As levels were still high enough to cause unfavorable conditions for these species to thrive and grow. This is likely the case as only stress-indicators like *C. aculeata* strains “aculeata”, *C. aculeata* strains “discoides”, and *C. constricta* strain “constricta” were able to take advantage of stress adjustment.

7.3.2.3 Assemblage 3 - ‘*Centropyxis aculeata* Assemblage’ (CA; n=14)

The Moderate Arsenic Contamination Assemblage (CA) is characteristic of relatively small lakes (median lake size = 21.9 ha) located mostly to the east and north of Giant Mine (71.4% of the samples; $n = 10$) Figure 4.1). The assemblage is mostly made up of samples collected during the 2014 survey (85.7% YK14 samples; $n = 12$). On average, lakes within CA are the closest to the Giant Mine property (median distance = 6.6 km) with only two outliers (YK25 and YK40) that are >18 km away from the mine site (Supplementary Table 4.1). Samples containing CA were mainly collected in relatively shallow water depth (median water depth = 0.7

m) in silt-dominated substrates (median silt% = 77.9%) (Supplementary Table 4.1). The SDI measured for this assemblage (1.3-2.5 SDI; median SDI = 2) falls in the range of stressed to relatively healthy environmental conditions (Magurran, 1988).

Results of NMDS and RDA show samples comprising CA group closely, with the exception of one outlier (YK40), which overlapped with H assemblage (Figures 4.4, 4.5, 4.6). The RDA tri-plot shows that CA correlates positively with Ca, and Na, and negatively with Distance to Giant Mine and Hg (Figure 4.6). The tri-plot also suggests a waning influence of As and S1 on the assemblage. This is supported by the moderate As concentrations (median As = 258.1 ppm; range = 33.4-921.1 ppm) and S1- carbon (median S1-carbon = 23.1 HC/g rock; range = 10.8-50.9 HC/g rock) characterizing CA (Supplementary Table 4.1). This is expected as 57% of the lakes hosting the CA, while relatively close to GM, were located to the east and south of the historic mine (Figure 4.1). Nevertheless, levels of As remain higher than the proposed guidelines in all the samples of CA (CCEM, 2002).

The assemblage composition in CA experienced an interesting shift in dominant species, with *C. aculeata* strains “aculeata” (median abundance = 26.5%) dominating the assemblage composition instead of *D. elegans*, which was present in notably reduced proportions (median abundance = 12.9%) compared to the previous assemblages (Supplementary Table 4.1). Additionally, *C. constricta* strain “aerophila” (median abundance = 2.5%) and *C. constricta* strain “constricta” (median abundance = 4.4%), and *C. aculeata* strain “discoides” (median abundance = 3.9%) all showed a similar reduction in numbers. Interestingly, *D. oblonga* strain

“oblonga” (median abundance = 4.1%), *C. tricuspis* (median abundance = 7.3%) and *D. glans* Penard 1902 strain “glans” (median abundance = 1.3%)⁷ experienced a notable increase in abundance.

The assemblage seems to be influenced by lower environmental stress compared to the previous three assemblages. This is evident in the notably reduced numbers of stress-indicators, with the exception of *C. aculeata* strains “aculeata”, which seems to flourish in the CA. Another sign of reduced stress is reflected by the small, yet notable increase in the numbers of *D. oblonga* strain “oblonga”, *C. tricuspis*, and *D. glans* strain “glans” as well as an increase in diversity, as reflected by SDI values for this assemblage (1.3-2.5 SDI; median SDI = 2). However, it is rather interesting how most of the increase in *C. aculeata* strain ‘aculeata’ seems to be restricted to the YK14 samples, especially in CA and AC where the number of *C. aculeata* strain “aculeata” is high on average. Also, whenever there is an increase in the numbers of *C. aculeata* strain ‘aculeata’ there is a notable increase in diversity. This suggests that as soon as stress conditions are lower, *C. aculeata* strain “aculeata” compete with the rest of centropyxids and even *D. elegans* on food sources, thus creating more diverse assemblages in the process.

7.3.2.4 Assemblage 4 - ‘Transitional Assemblage’ (T; n = 14)

The Transitional Conditions Assemblage (T) is found in relatively small lakes (median lake size = 39.5 ha) located mostly to the north and west of the Giant Mine property (71.3% of the samples; n = 10) (Figure 4.1). This assemblage is exclusive

to samples collected during the 2012 survey. On average, lakes within TA are at a considerable distance from the Giant Mine site (median distance = 12.6) (Supplementary Table 4.1). Samples containing T assemblage were mainly collected in relatively deeper water depth compared to the previous assemblages (median water depth = 4 m) and from silt-dominated substrates (median silt% = 73.9%) (Supplementary Table 4.1). The SDI measured for this assemblage (1.6-2.5 SDI; median SDI = 2.1) falls in the range of transitional to relatively healthy environmental conditions (Magurran, 1988).

The plots of NMDS and RDA show the samples comprising T assemblage grouping closely, with the exception of sample BC24, which plotted closer to H assemblage due to faunal similarities (Figure 4.4, 4.5, 4.6). The RDA tri-plot showed that T assemblage correlated positively with P, and distance to Giant Mine, and negatively with Ca and Na (Figure 4.6). Similar to CA, the tri-plot also suggests further reduction of the influence of As and S1-carbon on the assemblage. This is supported by the relatively low As concentration (median As = 76.5 ppm; range = 16.1-740.7 ppm) and S1-carbon (median S1-carbon = 31.9 HC/g rock; range = 2.2-60.9 HC/g rock) that characterizes the sediments in lakes containing the T assemblage (Supplementary Table 4.1). Lower As concentrations are expected in lakes hosting T assemblage that are mostly located > 10 km away from the historic mine site ($n = 11$) (Figure 4.1).

The assemblage composition in T assemblage is dominated by stress-indicating taxa, like *D. elegans* (median abundance = 26%), *C. constricta* strain “aerophila” (median abundance = 16.9%), and *C. constricta* strain “constricta”

(median abundance = 8.9%), with low but notable numbers of *C. aculeata* strains “aculeata” (median abundance = 2%) and *C. aculeata* strains “discoides” (median abundance = 1%) in some samples. While dominant, these species and strains occur in lower relative abundance than the other assemblages. Instead, *D. oblonga* strain “oblonga” (median abundance = 10.1%), *C. tricuspis* (median abundance = 5.4%), and *D. glans* strain “glans” (median abundance = 8.8%) are important.

The assemblage seems to reflect transitional to relatively healthy conditions based on the low numbers of the stress-indicating taxa, moderate sedimentary As concentrations and the increased presence of healthy lake dwellers like *D. oblonga* strain “oblonga”, *C. tricuspis* ($\bar{x} = 6.9\% \pm 7.2$ SD), and *D. glans* strain “glans”. This is probably attributed to the fact that most of the lakes comprising this assemblage are located >10 km from Giant Mine, even though a significant number of the samples came from the northern and western transects (71.3%; $n = 10$). The increased diversity is also reflected by the SDI (1.6-2.5 SDI; median SDI = 2.1).

7.3.2.5 Assemblage 5 - ‘Healthy Assemblage’ (H; $n = 25$)

The Healthy Lakes Assemblage (H) is characteristic of relatively small lakes (median lake size = 39.8 ha), located mostly to the south and east of Giant Mine (72% of the samples; $n = 18$) (Figure 4.1). On average, lakes within H assemblage are the furthest from Giant Mine (median distance = 19.6 km). Samples containing H assemblage were mainly collected in relatively shallow water depth (median water depth = 2.5 m) in silt-dominated substrates (median silt% = 71.5%)

(Supplementary Table 1). The SDI measured for this assemblage (1.6-2.4 SDI; median SDI = 2.1) falls in the range of transitional to relatively healthy environmental conditions (Magurran, 1988).

While results of NMDS and RDA show samples comprising H assemblage grouping closely, the loadings of these samples exhibited more spread than any of the previous assemblages (Figure 4.4, 4.5, 4.6). This lead to an overlap between this assemblage and two other assemblages (CA and T). The RDA tri-plot shows that H assemblage correlated positively with Ba, Na, Distance to Giant Mine and P, and negatively with As, S₁, TOC, and Hg (Figure 4.6). The negative correlation between this group and As and S₁, in particular, is to be expected as H assemblage occurs in sediments with the lowest As concentration (median As = 30.3 ppm; range = 6.3-905.2 ppm) and S₁-carbon (median S₁-carbon = 18.9 HC/g rock; range = 0.4-36.4 HC/g rock) among the identified groups, possibly due to the fact that most of the lakes hosting this assemblage are located either to the east or south of Giant Mine and/or are distal lakes. However, while S₁-cabon levels are the lowest in this assemblage, they remain high enough to sustain a healthy and diverse Arcellinidan population.

The response of Arcellinida to reduced environmental stress is indicated by, *C. tricuspis* (median abunance = 27.3%) as the dominant species. Other species like *D. oblonga* strain “oblonga” (median abunance = 8.2%) and *D. glans* strain “glans” (median abunance = 6.9%) are more abundant in the samples of H assemblage. On the other hand, stress-indicating species, like *D. elegans* (median abunance = 7.5%), *C. constricta* strain “aerophila” (median abunance = 1.6%), *C.*

constricta strain “constricta” (median abundance = 1.4%), *C. aculeata* strains “aculeata” (median abundance = 4.1%) and *C. aculeata* strains “discoides” (median abundance = 0.6%) were common, but occurred in much lower proportions compared to the other assemblages.

This assemblage is an example of the Arcellinida community that could be found in transitional to relatively healthy benthic lake conditions. The shift from stress-dominated taxa to healthy-lake dwellers is indicative of the presence of suitable conditions to sustain a diverse assemblage. This improvement in environmental conditions is likely attributed to the fact that most lakes hosting H assemblage are located upwind and at considerable distance (median distance = 19.6 km), thus likely being beyond the influence of the Giant Mine.

7.3.3. References

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Supplementary Table 4.1: Lake parameters, Rock Eval, particle size analysis (PSA), ICP-MS results, and Arcellinida relative abundance results in lake sediment-water interface samples (n = 93) from 90 lakes in the Yellowknife area, Northwest Territories, Canada.

Site Name	Depth at sampling location	Surface water pH	Bottom water pH	Surface water dissolved oxygen	Bottom water dissolved oxygen	Surface water conductivity	Bottom water conductivity
Method Detection Limits							
Units	(m)			(mg/L)		(µm/S)	(µm/S)
BC-01	4.6	6.87	7.29	11.66	9.65	53.1	58
BC-02	7.0	7.32	7.07	9.55	7.95	40.2	40.2
BC-03	2.4	8.12	8.15	11.71	10.35	93.2	93.2
BC-04	2.9	7.98	7.41	10.77	8.72	33.8	40.5
BC-05	3.0	7.86	7.75	11.71	10.25	55.8	55.6
BC-06	11.5	7.94	6.88	10.09	0.05	95.4	115.6
BC-07	1.3	7.98	7.75	12.35	12.12	31.3	31.3
BC-08	1.1	7.65	7.46	10.98	10.53	44.3	44.2
BC-09	1.0	7.63	7.48	11.88	11.17	45.1	45.1
BC-10	13.3	8.18	6.97	11.33	1.81	89.9	104
BC-11	5.2	8.2	8.65	10.37	3.44	90.2	102.1
BC-12	1.0	7.31	7.22	11.27	10.66	43.1	43
BC-13	4.5	7.59	7.73	11.08	10.31	65.4	65.3
BC-14	1.0	7.57	7.46	10.65	9.87	110.3	112.6
BC-15	2.0	7.88	7.71	11.59	10.58	65.3	65.3
BC-16	1.3	7.94	7.88	12.16	11.74	65.2	65.1
BC-17	0.8	7.78	7.79	11.53	11.6	93.2	93.4
BC-18	1.0	8.45	8.42	12.4	12.18	182.5	182.2
BC-19	0.7	8.05	8.03	11.49	11.47	162.6	162.6
BC-20	1.4	8.48	8.32	11.58	10.54	326.6	326.4
BC-21	0.6	7.91	7.65	11.34	11.34	118.7	118.7
BC-22	2.5	7.56	7.02	7.23	4.31	88.6	96.1
BC-23	5.1	7.42	7.21	9.48	9.01	70.8	70.8
BC-24	3.1	7.26	7.05	10.66	10.17	34.5	34.6
BC-25	1.0	7.26	7.38	12.5	12.51	51.8	51.8
BC-26	1.0	7.69	7.75	12.02	11.89	175	175.1
BC-27	3.6	7.81	7.65	11.81	11.37	99.4	99.1
BC-28	1.3	7.99	7.97	13.75	13.79	84.3	84.3
BC-29	1.5	8.29	8.27	14.12	13.87	97.1	97
BC-30	3.5	7.97	7.77	13.68	13.51	36.6	36.6
BC-31	0.8	7.6	7.44	11.12	10.23	63.5	64.8
BC-32	1.2	7.65	7.62	13.61	11.82	55.9	56.7
BC-33	3.3	7.52	7.39	11.44	8.73	66.6	67.7
BC-34	2.8	7.6	7.68	12.8	12.24	60.4	60.3
BC-35	5.9	7.79	7.48	10.93	10.21	72	71.9
BC-36	1.5	8.11	7.99	12.7	13.55	55.2	55.4

Supplementary Table 4.1: Continued.

Site Name	Lake area (ha)	Latitude	Longitude	Year collected	Lake area (Google Earth Orthophoto)	Distance to Giant Mine historic roaster stack	S1	S1
Method Detection Limit ^a								
Units		degrees N	degrees W		ha	km	mg HC/g rock	wt.% ^h
BC-01	111.07	62.6987	-114.4489	2012	111.07	22.38	46.42	3.85
BC-02	24.92	62.6552	-114.3856	2012	24.92	17.10	4.97	0.41
BC-03	576.75	62.6566	-114.4471	2012	576.75	17.77	48.46	4.02
BC-04	4.86	62.6330	-114.4465	2012	4.86	15.26	40.78	3.38
BC-05	53.6143666	62.6158	-114.4944	2012	53.61	14.47	46.43	3.85
BC-06	106.215604	62.6362	-114.4744	2012	106.22	16.08	53.09	4.41
BC-07	16.6413635	62.6147	-114.4248	2012	16.64	12.99	60.93	5.06
BC-08	0.7318823	62.6080	-114.4045	2012	0.73	12.02	33.96	2.82
BC-09	0.93175276	62.6063	-114.4103	2012	0.93	11.90	21.48	1.78
BC-10	99.9472746	62.5900	-114.3678	2012	99.95	9.78	19.59	1.63
BC-11	99.9472746	62.5840	-114.3756	2012	99.95	9.15	11.51	0.96
BC-12	2.22484933	62.5987	-114.4096	2012	2.22	11.07	33.90	2.81
BC-13	285.965934	62.5269	-114.4441	2012	285.97	5.15	40.96	3.40
BC-14	18.9692946	62.5179	-114.4311	2012	18.97	4.10	59.56	4.94
BC-15	130.16	62.5266	-114.6112	2012	130.16	3.47	58.48	4.85
BC-16	130.16	62.5000	-114.4227	2012	130.16	3.33	54.52	4.53
BC-17	15.1667929	62.4910	-114.4206	2012	15.17	3.22	66.50	5.52
BC-18	15.23	62.5010	-114.3967	2012	15.23	2.64	47.50	3.94
BC-19	15.23	62.5048	-114.3897	2012	15.23	2.49	50.58	4.20
BC-20	42.4299549	62.4834	-114.3883	2012	42.43	1.66	40.65	3.37
BC-21	9.01593076	62.4905	-114.4401	2012	9.02	4.55	22.94	1.90
BC-22	0.80379121	62.5411	-114.8400	2012	0.80	25.20	9.33	0.77
BC-23	26.876424	62.5422	-114.8054	2012	26.88	23.47	6.45	0.54
BC-24	1.11032885	62.5466	-114.7452	2012	1.11	20.55	31.11	2.58
BC-25	20.1798958	62.5727	-114.7628	2012	20.18	22.26	30.09	2.50
BC-26	4.24452979	62.5638	-114.7707	2012	4.24	22.34	22.49	1.87
BC-27	132.523565	62.5226	-114.7345	2012	132.52	19.53	18.93	1.57
BC-28	38.5940192	62.5444	-114.6748	2012	38.59	16.99	50.42	4.18
BC-29	24.5866118	62.5338	-114.6719	2012	24.59	16.55	46.57	3.87
BC-30	59.5697752	62.5199	-114.6072	2012	59.57	13.01	24.24	2.01
BC-31	33.7288791	62.5418	-114.5780	2012	33.73	12.16	36.23	3.01
BC-32	11.2903756	62.5069	-114.5361	2012	11.29	9.20	39.40	3.27
BC-33	25.6176697	62.5342	-114.4850	2012	25.62	7.45	61.25	5.08
BC-34	105.191985	62.5626	-114.4080	2012	105.19	7.17	32.63	2.71
BC-35	30.3793291	62.5148	-113.9134	2012	30.38	22.94	13.07	1.08
BC-36	13.2384218	62.5395	-113.9326	2012	13.24	22.28	57.20	4.75

Supplementary Table 4.1: Continued.

Site Name	S2	S2	S3	S3	RC	TOC	Sand	Silt	Clay	Mo	Cu	Pb
Method Detection Limit ^a										0.01	0.01	0.01
Units	mg HC/g rock	wt. %	mg HC/g rock	wt. %	%	%	%	%	%	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹
BC-01	91.27	7.58	33.07	2.74	12.85	25.80	8.90	74.39	16.73	2.58	31.32	10.13
BC-02	36.75	3.05	56.37	4.68	9.33	14.93	3.90	78.74	17.33	13.37	24.77	9.16
BC-03	91.75	7.62	36.57	3.04	13.15	26.44	4.10	83.73	12.20	1.99	28.06	9.72
BC-04	102.40	8.50	37.15	3.08	12.84	26.36	4.30	75.39	20.32	2.47	34.65	17.39
BC-05	105.19	8.73	31.25	2.59	11.48	25.46	19.90	66.83	13.26	2.72	32.6	4.83
BC-06	73.07	6.06	36.41	3.02	12.25	24.34	5.80	83.19	11.01	3.71	28.98	10.92
BC-07	87.10	7.23	35.32	2.93	9.49	23.27	6.60	77.93	15.46	2.05	17.87	6.47
BC-08	76.56	6.35	29.54	2.45	9.76	20.18	24.90	61.91	13.24	3.2	28.58	5.76
BC-09	59.38	4.93	23.78	1.97	9.18	16.97	13.10	67.64	19.27	2.56	38.42	8.25
BC-10	49.00	4.07	21.80	1.81	6.85	13.48	30.30	62.77	6.93	15.13	60.71	13.76
BC-11	14.44	1.20	6.03	0.50	1.60	4.03	79.20	17.35	3.41	7.07	16.3	7.83
BC-12	89.50	7.43	41.78	3.47	13.34	25.44	13.50	72.04	14.47	1.55	20.35	7.79
BC-13	71.18	5.91	26.72	2.22	9.87	20.37	18.00	66.09	15.92	6.16	38.48	10.6
BC-14	111.49	9.25	37.79	3.14	11.95	27.75	9.50	75.87	14.61	1.77	29.88	9.24
BC-15	103.77	8.61	32.42	2.69	10.67	25.56	7.00	74.63	18.34	5.35	34.72	9.92
BC-16	103.47	8.59	31.87	2.65	11.54	26.10	12.00	73.88	14.08	7.12	37.03	5.63
BC-17	88.31	7.33	38.53	3.20	12.38	26.92	8.20	81.40	10.44	3.2	26.75	32.9
BC-18	135.66	11.26	37.44	3.11	13.31	30.13	9.90	76.80	13.33	8.35	37.27	9
BC-19	114.26	9.48	40.65	3.37	13.06	28.50	12.80	81.11	6.09	9.06	44.1	41.99
BC-20	64.70	5.37	27.95	2.32	7.20	17.12	5.50	79.94	14.53	13.59	69.32	13.53
BC-21	99.75	8.28	43.62	3.62	17.21	29.34	7.20	84.07	8.72	2.38	26.1	5.25
BC-22	34.89	2.90	15.70	1.30	6.91	11.34	4.90	68.18	26.96	1.64	33.35	12.63
BC-23	24.57	2.04	10.62	0.88	4.72	7.81	1.70	88.86	9.48	0.79	24.81	12.38
BC-24	112.61	9.35	41.75	3.47	17.11	30.90	25.30	65.65	9.09	2.52	28.73	3.31
BC-25	112.29	9.32	38.77	3.22	13.95	27.49	8.00	73.39	18.57	1.47	18.67	6.02
BC-26	102.13	8.48	35.78	2.97	15.20	27.15	4.40	84.04	11.57	1.08	15.51	5.79
BC-27	82.34	6.83	26.66	2.21	11.71	21.34	15.90	61.22	22.85	1.59	25.11	10.23
BC-28	106.88	8.87	36.35	3.02	9.75	24.38	6.60	75.42	17.96	1.68	18.02	5.86
BC-29	101.83	8.45	30.65	2.54	8.59	22.28	7.00	75.40	17.56	3.5	23.73	8.2
BC-30	54.36	4.51	16.52	1.37	5.76	13.01	21.30	66.95	11.71	0.69	16.44	6.67
BC-31	110.68	9.19	37.46	3.11	12.48	26.34	6.40	73.10	20.53	1.44	22	6.26
BC-32	116.26	9.65	41.41	3.44	12.46	27.18	5.30	72.76	21.98	2.18	21.24	10.35
BC-33	86.36	7.17	37.61	3.12	12.75	26.65	7.30	77.41	15.24	3.7	34.93	3.8
BC-34	83.35	6.92	23.03	1.91	8.98	19.67	5.10	80.65	14.27	6.09	41.22	12.44
BC-35	50.36	4.18	17.36	1.44	6.57	12.61	4.00	90.32	5.72	0.64	45.09	11.08
BC-36	134.24	11.14	39.17	3.25	12.86	30.42	13.10	74.50	12.44	1.14	37.33	9.14

Supplementary Table 4.1: Continued.

Site Name	Zn	Ag	Ni	Co	Mn	Fe	As	U	Au	Th
Method Detection Limit ^a	0.1	0.002	0.1	0.1	1	100	0.1	0.1	0.0002	0.1
Units	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹
BC-01	91.2	0.12	21.3	8.9	226	16500	107.9	53.4	0.0133	1.8
BC-02	240.2	0.119	28.6	39.5	10000	87300	905.2	172.5	0.0156	7.5
BC-03	108.7	0.12	20.8	9.1	604	19600	126.3	33.4	0.0122	2.6
BC-04	128.8	0.15	24.8	9.7	226	3900	555.4	31.7	0.0858	1
BC-05	139.7	0.127	20.2	9	179	12200	90.9	10.9	0.0008	1.1
BC-06	93.7	0.098	18.6	10.6	820	18700	236.1	36.2	0.038	1.8
BC-07	83.8	0.069	18.3	4	73	4400	19.5	19.2	0.0147	1.7
BC-08	91.4	0.073	28.7	8.6	263	10900	41.9	19.8	0.0047	1.9
BC-09	110.6	0.079	28.3	11.1	694	14700	35.5	37.5	0.0059	1.5
BC-10	91.2	0.165	28.4	10.1	1210	14800	192.8	9.3	0.0742	1.1
BC-11	41.8	0.032	14.6	4.5	100	10300	16.1	1.3	0.0126	3.6
BC-12	103.3	0.083	24.8	11.8	440	8600	372.2	3.5	0.0301	0.4
BC-13	130.1	0.152	26.4	9.7	401	17200	740.7	15	0.0532	0.7
BC-14	109	0.148	18.5	5.8	193	8300	1063.8	8.2	0.0449	0.9
BC-15	85.8	0.115	20.2	4.6	206	7000	290.4	13.2	0.0512	0.8
BC-16	86.3	0.072	22.2	4.7	156	9300	92.3	13.4	0.006	1
BC-17	89.1	0.409	16.7	5.5	223	8300	4778.2	11.6	0.5466	0.7
BC-18	105.3	0.137	17.4	6.9	503	8800	906.9	11.2	0.0412	0.5
BC-19	120.3	0.449	16.3	6.3	116	5000	10000	5.3	0.5707	0.5
BC-20	51	0.138	36	9.8	292	11300	160.4	7.2	0.0823	1.1
BC-21	71.5	0.107	22.4	5.8	254	9100	368.4	6.3	0.0264	1.2
BC-22	119.3	0.126	47.8	24.9	730	29900	43.7	3.9	0.0207	8.8
BC-23	98.2	0.116	31.7	12	406	29100	30.2	7.2	0.0042	9.6
BC-24	221.7	0.109	24.6	13.8	296	6300	71.9	9	0.0015	0.4
BC-25	49.9	0.069	18.9	5.8	253	8400	39.6	6.7	0.0089	1.3
BC-26	75	0.082	23.9	8.5	510	16500	30.3	2	0.0025	4.2
BC-27	89	0.103	32.1	11.2	707	27100	112.6	6.9	0.013	5.2
BC-28	62	0.062	17.9	5.8	262	10600	93.9	4	0.008	2.3
BC-29	86.7	0.105	22.2	6.9	243	15100	397.5	5.7	0.0288	1.9
BC-30	67.5	0.061	19.7	7.1	1342	18600	117.1	1.9	0.0226	2.3
BC-31	116.4	0.096	24.8	10.8	391	10400	299.8	4	0.0223	0.8
BC-32	77	0.143	23	7.4	312	9700	955.1	2.9	0.0736	1.2
BC-33	89.9	0.083	25.4	7.5	344	8500	260	5.6	0.0106	1
BC-34	152.4	0.141	35.1	14.1	292	19200	289.4	16.1	0.0425	2
BC-35	99	0.113	52.5	11.9	718	23100	9.7	4.1	0.0036	3.8
BC-36	103.4	0.146	42.9	5.9	272	4600	38.1	2.4	0.0168	0.4

Supplementary Table 4.1: Continued.

Site Name	Sr	Cd	Sb	Bi	V	Ca	P	La	Cr	Mg
Method Detection Limit ^a	0.5	0.01	0.02	0.02	2	100	10	0.5	0.5	100
Units	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹
BC-01	56.2	0.5	3.49	0.18	20	8300	980	33.1	22.2	2800
BC-02	97.7	0.78	9.52	0.29	38	10500	2430	59.1	24.3	1300
BC-03	52.6	0.65	4.37	0.18	20	9200	1040	30.7	17.9	2000
BC-04	46.4	0.83	14.84	0.16	18	11300	1220	13.9	19.6	1200
BC-05	39.6	0.65	2.67	0.09	25	6400	740	16.1	18.4	2700
BC-06	49.1	0.48	14.82	0.15	15	9400	1640	13.5	18.9	2600
BC-07	49.9	0.26	0.96	0.07	7	10500	860	10.8	11.5	1700
BC-08	53.4	0.22	1.09	0.16	19	10900	930	15.1	21.2	3900
BC-09	41.8	0.34	1.37	0.28	23	9800	780	20	30.3	4600
BC-10	39.5	0.38	6.59	0.44	23	10200	1750	19.8	35.7	5000
BC-11	14	0.07	3.28	0.09	16	4100	440	11.7	19.5	3900
BC-12	62	0.38	5.78	0.1	17	14500	1160	6.1	15.7	2300
BC-13	33.2	0.48	16.21	0.25	25	7300	1100	15.5	26.4	3700
BC-14	41.6	0.42	20.4	0.19	12	11800	880	7.1	15.8	3000
BC-15	37.9	0.48	10.96	0.17	16	8200	660	10.4	16	2600
BC-16	40.7	0.39	2.3	0.17	15	8500	630	11.5	17.7	2800
BC-17	48.1	0.47	44.4	0.15	10	10900	1030	6.6	12.7	3500
BC-18	46.3	0.46	18.33	0.08	10	13700	590	5.9	11.7	2700
BC-19	36.2	0.6	187.37	0.16	11	11100	770	4.5	9.7	3000
BC-20	123.8	0.2	8.16	0.14	23	62300	1010	6.4	33.4	6200
BC-21	71.2	0.4	7.82	0.11	14	18000	860	9.7	16.4	3500
BC-22	51.2	0.33	2.1	0.31	50	6300	1060	32.2	49.9	10000
BC-23	42.8	0.2	2.78	0.34	49	5000	910	33.3	48.5	8800
BC-24	56.7	0.59	1.98	0.23	15	10100	1370	9.3	16.8	2500
BC-25	56.6	0.14	3.38	0.14	19	9800	1220	12.7	18.5	3900
BC-26	86.2	0.23	1.04	0.17	24	15400	830	14.3	23.5	5800
BC-27	58.3	0.35	6.91	0.25	36	9200	1230	24	35.6	6500
BC-28	45.7	0.2	2.74	0.12	21	8200	1250	11.4	18.3	3800
BC-29	50.2	0.34	9.54	0.15	21	9100	720	11	17.4	3500
BC-30	31.7	0.2	10.51	0.12	23	6700	1650	15.1	23.2	3800
BC-31	49.9	0.47	8.63	0.14	18	10400	850	12.8	19.9	2800
BC-32	55.5	0.45	18.21	0.12	15	14300	940	7.8	16	3200
BC-33	40.4	0.53	12.01	0.07	14	9300	680	15.3	18.1	2800
BC-34	35.1	0.44	13.05	0.25	29	7400	820	21.4	36.8	5300
BC-35	62	0.22	0.66	0.29	39	10400	2080	34	48.2	8500
BC-36	45.6	0.45	1.41	0.11	11	11200	1170	8.1	20.2	3200

Supplementary Table 4.1: Continued.

Site Name	Ba	Ti	Al	Na	K	W	Sc	Tl	S	Hg
Method Detection Limit ^a	0.5	10	100	10	100	0.1	0.1	0.02	200	0.005
Units	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹
BC-01	79.8	180	9200	220	900	0.2	1.5	0.17	18700	0.108
BC-02	919.4	100	20100	100	500	3	3.3	0.56	3900	0.2
BC-03	96.1	130	7700	300	600	0.3	1.1	0.16	19800	0.124
BC-04	60.2	90	8700	120	300	0.1	0.7	0.17	8000	0.369
BC-05	88.5	150	9800	220	700	0.2	1.6	0.12	9500	0.073
BC-06	85.1	150	8100	300	800	0.4	1.5	0.16	12100	0.193
BC-07	75.3	110	4100	190	500	0.2	1.3	0.06	8200	0.095
BC-08	164.1	290	8400	200	1300	0.2	2.2	0.1	6200	0.103
BC-09	163.1	280	13200	150	1300	0.1	2.6	0.12	4800	0.099
BC-10	107.1	230	10000	190	2200	0.7	1.5	0.14	6700	0.107
BC-11	49.2	240	6100	100	1100	0.2	1.5	0.07	2200	0.03
BC-12	133.7	80	6100	240	700	0.1	0.7	0.08	6800	0.157
BC-13	61.5	150	10600	190	1000	0.2	1.4	0.11	9300	0.127
BC-14	85.5	120	5000	340	700	0.2	1.4	0.07	13600	0.114
BC-15	77.1	150	5400	220	700	0.2	1.6	0.07	10600	0.079
BC-16	79.7	160	5200	240	700	0.1	1.5	0.07	13900	0.056
BC-17	71.5	100	4800	480	600	0.3	1.1	0.07	16500	0.195
BC-18	99.1	70	4500	160	300	0.2	1.2	0.06	16000	0.108
BC-19	62.9	70	3900	230	400	0.3	1.2	0.07	16600	0.347
BC-20	71.9	190	6900	1330	1000	0.7	2.5	0.06	8500	0.057
BC-21	103.8	140	6500	280	900	0.1	1.4	0.07	10200	0.091
BC-22	252.2	650	21100	520	4400	0.2	5.2	0.28	3400	0.114
BC-23	191.5	610	21500	350	3700	0.1	5.4	0.27	2200	0.092
BC-24	92.6	70	6600	160	400	0.1	1	0.11	6100	0.144
BC-25	134.9	170	7700	280	1300	0.2	1.3	0.08	5800	0.06
BC-26	178.6	270	9200	420	2300	0.1	2.5	0.1	6300	0.048
BC-27	200.3	380	14300	360	2700	0.1	3.4	0.17	6300	0.089
BC-28	115	220	6700	400	1300	0.1	2	0.1	5900	0.036
BC-29	98.9	190	7100	470	1000	0.2	1.6	0.11	13100	0.108
BC-30	140.9	230	8400	200	1600	0.2	2	0.11	5400	0.055
BC-31	138.9	140	8800	160	900	0.1	1.3	0.11	5400	0.114
BC-32	133.4	130	6500	240	800	0.2	1.6	0.09	9500	0.116
BC-33	59.9	130	6300	270	600	0.1	1.8	0.09	11400	0.096
BC-34	112.1	310	14100	230	1900	0.3	2.9	0.15	10200	0.116
BC-35	257.8	460	22200	360	4200	0.2	3.9	0.23	4000	0.131
BC-36	106	130	4900	300	600	0.2	0.8	0.07	12500	0.209

Supplementary Table 4.1: Continued.

Site Name	Se	Ga	Cs	Hf	Nb	Rb	Sn	Zr	Y	Ce
Method Detection Limit ^a	0.1	0.1	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.01	0.1
Units	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹
BC-01	0.6	1.8	0.96	0.01	0.66	8.7	0.2	0.7	11.5	56.9
BC-02	1.5	3.6	0.74	0.12	0.41	4.5	0.2	4.4	25.7	107
BC-03	1.8	1.6	0.61	0.01	0.5	4.7	0.2	1.3	10.74	55.2
BC-04	0.9	1.3	0.46	0.09	0.56	2.9	0.2	2.1	13.38	27.9
BC-05	1.3	1.7	0.64	0.04	0.39	5.7	0.1	1	8.53	29.8
BC-06	0.8	1.9	0.88	0.04	0.52	6.8	0.2	1.2	7.32	24.6
BC-07	0.6	0.8	0.61	0.03	0.43	4.5	0.05	1.4	5.87	17.5
BC-08	0.8	2.7	1.76	0.07	1.05	13.5	0.3	3.4	6.39	29.1
BC-09	0.6	4	2.7	0.04	1.24	16.8	0.4	2.3	8.44	36.9
BC-10	1.8	3.2	2.02	0.05	0.77	24	0.7	1.7	8.83	35.7
BC-11	0.2	2.3	0.77	0.04	0.47	9.7	0.7	1.8	3.32	23.4
BC-12	0.8	1.1	0.43	0.08	0.55	5.1	0.2	2.4	4.07	13.4
BC-13	1.1	2.8	0.83	0.01	0.7	10.3	0.3	0.9	6.69	27.9
BC-14	1.7	1.2	0.6	0.01	0.37	5.1	0.3	1.8	3.48	14
BC-15	0.9	1.6	0.61	0.02	0.48	6.6	0.3	1.6	5.69	19.8
BC-16	1.1	1.4	0.58	0.01	0.48	6.6	0.2	1.6	5.64	21.3
BC-17	1.7	1	0.51	0.01	0.29	4.1	0.2	1.3	3.42	13
BC-18	1.5	0.8	0.33	0.03	0.23	2.3	0.05	1.4	3.88	10.5
BC-19	1.8	0.8	0.36	0.01	0.19	2.7	0.3	0.9	2.8	9.3
BC-20	0.7	2	0.47	0.05	0.25	4.7	0.2	1.6	2.93	12.4
BC-21	1.4	1.6	0.7	0.08	0.7	7.8	0.2	5.5	4.47	17.9
BC-22	1	7.6	1.99	0.22	2.7	39.4	1	10.2	9.91	66.5
BC-23	0.3	8.1	1.95	0.2	2.27	39.9	1	8.4	9.6	65.3
BC-24	1.5	1.3	0.5	0.02	0.52	4.8	0.2	1.2	4.97	19.4
BC-25	1	2.7	0.76	0.07	0.97	12.8	0.4	4.6	4.57	25.4
BC-26	1.3	3.1	0.95	0.24	1.39	17.7	0.4	10.5	5.31	30.2
BC-27	1.3	5	1.46	0.15	1.87	26	0.6	7.9	8.29	47.4
BC-28	1.2	2.1	0.75	0.08	0.83	11.5	0.3	3.7	4.09	22.1
BC-29	1.5	2.2	0.72	0.06	0.7	10	0.2	2.5	4.66	21.9
BC-30	0.6	2.8	1.03	0.01	0.73	15	0.2	1.6	6.9	31.3
BC-31	1.2	2	0.85	0.05	0.78	9.6	0.2	2.2	5.47	24.2
BC-32	1.2	1.7	0.67	0.09	0.6	8.1	0.2	4.3	3.68	15.3
BC-33	1.2	1.5	0.64	0.04	0.6	6.3	0.1	3	8.05	25.8
BC-34	0.7	4.2	1.68	0.05	1.41	22.1	0.5	3.7	8.29	42.1
BC-35	0.8	7.6	2.13	0.15	2.08	41.1	1	6.5	13.1	68.3
BC-36	1.2	1.1	0.59	0.03	0.43	5.2	0.05	1.2	3.84	14.9

Supplementary Table 4.1: Continued.

Site Name	Be	Li	Total Test Count	SDI	AV	CAA	CAD	CCA	CCC
Method Detection Limit ^a	0.1	0.1							
Units	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	%	Measurment	%	%	%	%	%
BC-01	0.7	11.4	302	1.89	1	0	6	68	53
BC-02	2.6	8.1	190	1.56	1	1	1	1	1
BC-03	1	7.2	225	1.57	0	3	0	67	25
BC-04	0.4	3.5	302	1.35	3	0	0	43	5
BC-05	0.6	7.2	341	1.93	8	4	1	120	53
BC-06	0.3	11.4	186	2.26	0	7	7	36	19
BC-07	0.4	6.3	226	2.05	0	3	2	63	32
BC-08	0.5	13.2	317	2.51	0	19	8	58	40
BC-09	0.7	22.6	293	2.47	0	6	8	36	38
BC-10	0.2	18.5	26		0	0	2	6	0
BC-11	0.2	13.9	304	2.10	0	2	3	57	34
BC-12	0.1	3.8	233	2.18	6	7	4	61	39
BC-13	0.6	16.1	268	2.11	0	2	0	60	25
BC-14	0.2	7.8	165	1.55	0	6	0	46	23
BC-15	0.3	7.3	349	1.47	0	0	0	117	49
BC-16	0.4	8.7	294	1.47	0	1	2	59	19
BC-17	0.2	8.8	291	1.54	0	3	9	107	59
BC-18	0.1	3.8	213	1.84	15	21	25	75	47
BC-19	0.05	4.8	223	1.66	1	3	20	77	35
BC-20	0.05	12.6	6		0	0	1	1	1
BC-21	0.4	6.5	257	2.51	6	35	36	13	14
BC-22	0.8	34.7	145	1.89	2	7	2	2	2
BC-23	1.3	40	198	1.73	0	0	1	9	0
BC-24	0.2	2.9	177	1.62	1	0	4	23	2
BC-25	0.3	10.4	196	2.45	2	17	5	3	12
BC-26	0.4	15.3	214	2.20	4	23	9	7	6
BC-27	0.7	23.8	299	2.11	4	7	1	0	1
BC-28	0.4	11.4	259	1.54	0	0	0	89	13
BC-29	0.4	11.3	203	1.11	0	0	2	47	11
BC-30	0.5	14.9	266	2.42	0	8	17	41	21
BC-31	0.4	10	278	2.36	11	3	1	37	16
BC-32	0.4	6.9	256	1.48	1	1	0	58	30
BC-33	0.1	9.5	218	1.32	0	7	3	100	20
BC-34	0.8	25.4	234	1.76	0	0	0	46	15
BC-35	1	42.1	206	1.51	0	1	0	14	0
BC-36	0.1	8.3	276	1.04	3	1	0	51	39

Supplementary Table 4.1: Continued.

Site Name	CCS	CP	CT	Dbac	DB	MC	DF	Dnod	DGG	DGD	Dglob	DOBry
Method Detection Limit ^s	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Units												
BC-01	4	0	12	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BC-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	89	2	0	0
BC-03	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	11	1	0	0
BC-04	2	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	12	2	0	0
BC-05	2	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	0
BC-06	3	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	33	0	0	0
BC-07	4	2	5	0	0	0	0	0	18	0	0	0
BC-08	9	13	14	0	0	13	0	0	3	0	0	0
BC-09	3	5	18	0	0	3	2	0	3	0	0	0
BC-10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0
BC-11	9	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	34	1	0	0
BC-12	8	6	4	0	0	0	0	0	14	1	0	0
BC-13	2	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	35	0	0	0
BC-14	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0
BC-15	3	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0
BC-16	1	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
BC-17	44	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
BC-18	10	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BC-19	10	9	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BC-20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
BC-21	20	3	12	1	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	0
BC-22	0	41	45	0	0	2	0	0	12	0	0	0
BC-23	0	0	7	0	4	0	0	0	36	0	0	3
BC-24	7	2	8	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
BC-25	3	0	61	0	0	12	0	0	6	1	0	0
BC-26	4	0	68	0	0	4	0	0	6	0	0	0
BC-27	1	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
BC-28	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BC-29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BC-30	0	1	18	0	2	3	0	0	25	0	0	0
BC-31	0	5	20	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	0
BC-32	0	0	18	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
BC-33	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BC-34	0	0	20	0	0	0	0	0	25	0	0	0
BC-35	0	0	63	0	0	0	0	5	83	0	0	0
BC-36	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0

Supplementary Table 4.1: Continued.

Site Name	DOLan	DOLin	DOO	DOS	DOT	DP	DA	DC	DUE	DUU	DU	Dscal
Method Detection Limit ^s	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Units												
BC-01	0	0	27	0	0	2	10	1	0	2	0	2
BC-02	1	0	45	1	0	0	24	0	0	1	0	0
BC-03	0	0	9	1	0	3	0	0	0	22	0	0
BC-04	0	0	4	0	0	1	17	16	0	5	0	0
BC-05	0	0	24	3	2	1	5	14	0	1	0	5
BC-06	5	0	22	0	17	2	4	0	0	1	0	0
BC-07	0	0	9	0	0	14	7	0	0	2	0	0
BC-08	0	0	45	8	0	8	10	0	0	7	0	4
BC-09	0	1	62	14	0	2	14	4	0	4	0	10
BC-10	0	0	9	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BC-11	0	0	42	2	7	11	4	0	0	0	0	1
BC-12	0	0	0	0	6	1	15	11	0	1	0	1
BC-13	0	0	6	0	26	5	10	0	0	1	0	0
BC-14	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BC-15	0	0	2	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0
BC-16	0	0	5	0	4	2	5	0	0	0	0	7
BC-17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BC-18	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BC-19	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BC-20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BC-21	3	0	19	1	11	0	7	2	6	0	0	0
BC-22	0	0	20	0	0	0	1	2	2	0	0	0
BC-23	13	0	87	6	7	0	2	7	5	1	1	0
BC-24	0	0	100	1	0	0	8	0	1	0	0	0
BC-25	2	0	16	1	4	10	5	2	0	0	0	0
BC-26	6	0	31	3	1	2	0	0	2	1	0	0
BC-27	129	0	50	8	1	32	20	7	0	0	0	0
BC-28	2	0	20	0	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
BC-29	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BC-30	0	0	43	0	4	3	13	0	0	2	0	0
BC-31	0	0	22	0	7	5	20	3	0	0	0	0
BC-32	0	0	7	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	1
BC-33	0	0	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
BC-34	0	0	10	5	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
BC-35	0	0	22	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0
BC-36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Supplementary Table 4.1: Continued.

Site Name	Dcur	DE	HS	LV	LS	NC	PC
Method Detection Limit ^a	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Units							
BC-01	0	101	0	3	5	0	0
BC-02	7	2	2	0	4	0	7
BC-03	1	78	0	0	0	0	0
BC-04	0	187	0	0	0	0	1
BC-05	0	82	0	3	3	0	0
BC-06	3	22	0	1	0	0	0
BC-07	5	57	0	1	2	0	0
BC-08	5	42	0	2	9	0	0
BC-09	0	40	0	6	7	0	7
BC-10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BC-11	5	87	0	0	3	0	0
BC-12	0	48	0	0	0	0	0
BC-13	9	70	3	2	6	0	1
BC-14	1	71	0	1	1	0	0
BC-15	3	142	0	2	1	0	0
BC-16	2	170	0	1	6	0	0
BC-17	0	65	0	0	0	0	0
BC-18	0	12	0	1	1	0	0
BC-19	0	65	0	0	0	0	0
BC-20	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
BC-21	7	49	0	1	4	0	1
BC-22	0	3	0	0	2	0	0
BC-23	1	0	0	2	1	0	5
BC-24	8	9	0	2	0	0	0
BC-25	13	10	0	1	10	0	0
BC-26	5	26	0	3	3	0	0
BC-27	24	3	0	0	1	0	0
BC-28	0	104	0	4	3	0	8
BC-29	0	128	0	2	3	0	2
BC-30	5	46	0	2	10	0	2
BC-31	11	85	0	2	16	0	3
BC-32	0	128	0	3	3	0	0
BC-33	0	78	0	1	2	0	0
BC-34	0	100	0	3	6	0	1
BC-35	0	8	0	2	0	0	3
BC-36	0	176	0	0	0	0	0

Supplementary Table 4.1: Continued.

Site Name	Depth at sampling location	Surface water pH	Bottom water pH	Surface water dissolved oxygen	Bottom water dissolved oxygen	Surface water conductivity	Bottom water conductivity	Site Name
Method Detection Limit ^a								Method Detection Limit ^a
Units	(m)			(mg/L)		(µm/S)	(µm/S)	Units
BC-37	7.3	7.91	7.49	9.83	4.29	202.1	208.5	BC-37
BC-38	12.0	8.13	6.78	11.18	0.07	99.1	100.5	BC-38
BC-39	8.7	8.27	8.3	11.62	11.64	133.9	133	BC-39
BC-40	4.4	8.09	7.66	11.71	10.16	112.9	119.2	BC-40
BC-41	1.4	7.71	7.61	12.12	11.8	89.2	88.6	BC-41
BC-42	2.9	7.59	7.47	11.97	11.76	63.5	63.6	BC-42
BC-43	5.3	8.44	8.31	12.04	9.88	264.3	276.4	BC-43
BC-45	2.9	8.14	8.01	11.83	11.11	185.8	183.2	BC-45
BC-46	4.2	7.8	7.49	10.16	8.68	125.2	126.1	BC-46
BC-47	3.4	7.91	8.15	12.53	12.49	182.4	182	BC-47
BC-48	3.3	9.01	9.08	11.83	11.25	626	626	BC-48
BC-49	5.7	8.45	8.39	10.69	10.35	284.5	284.8	BC-49
BC-50	4.9	8.45	8.43	10.68	10.46	284.9	284.4	BC-50
BC-51	1.0	8.2	7.87	11.53	11.23	94.3	94	BC-51
BC-52	1.6	7.91	7.64	11.07	10.68	112.8	112.2	BC-52
BC-53	1.5	7.69	7.52	11.08	10.4	72.4	73.6	BC-53
BC-54	1.5	7.71	7.7	10.65	10.4	162	163.4	BC-54
BC-55	3.8	7.77	7.49	11.09	8.98	83	84.9	BC-55
BC-57	9.0	8	7.68	11.75	10.32	92.2	93.2	BC-57
BC-58	2.0	8.18	7.66	10.07	1.38	184.6	193.9	BC-58
BC-59	6.7	8.01	7.89	10.82	10.64	93.5	93.4	BC-59
BC-60	4.5	8.53	8.39	11.23	10.84	166.2	165.3	BC-60
BC-61	6.5	8.16	8.17	10.46	9.23	219.7	219.5	BC-61
YK-11	1.5	7.21	no data	11.64	no data	275.9	no data	YK-11
YK-12	1.3	7.44	no data	12.1	no data	195.7	no data	YK-12
YK-14	1.1	6.65	no data	11.5	no data	160.8	no data	YK-14
YK-15	no data	no data	no data	no data	no data	no data	no data	YK-15
YK-17	5.10	6.99	no data	11.97	no data	106.7	no data	YK-17
YK-18	0.80	7.06	no data	10.28	no data	82.4	no data	YK-18
YK-20	0.26	7.94	no data	11.52	no data	234.6	no data	YK-20
YK-21	1.3	7.87	no data	10.81	no data	313.7	no data	YK-21
YK-22	0.4	7.65	no data	10.63	no data	375.7	no data	YK-22
YK-23	0.46	7.94	no data	12.12	no data	136.9	no data	YK-23
YK-24	2.1	8.22	no data	11.84	no data	82.8	no data	YK-24
YK-25	0.8	7.95	no data	11.82	no data	261.6	no data	YK-25
YK-27	1.5	7.77	no data	10.79	no data	377.2	no data	YK-27
YK-28	0.3	8.34	no data	10.77	no data	334.3	no data	YK-28

Supplementary Table 4.1: Continued.

Site Name	Lake area (ha)	Latitude	Longitude	Year collected	Lake area (Google Earth Orthophoto)	Distance to Giant Mine historic roaster stack	S1	S1
Method Detection Limit^s								
Units		degrees N	degrees W		ha	km	mg HC/g rock	wt.% ^h
BC-37	272.771806	62.5189	-113.9626	2012	272.77	20.44	27.61	2.29
BC-38	35.6423794	62.5049	-113.9754	2012	35.64	19.70	21.78	1.81
BC-39	425.892674	62.4992	-114.0331	2012	425.89	16.74	2.23	0.19
BC-40	43.258329	62.5342	-114.0450	2012	43.26	16.50	31.07	2.58
BC-41	7.76216967	62.5385	-114.0669	2012	7.76	15.51	26.15	2.17
BC-42	39.8435968	62.5606	-114.1029	2012	39.84	14.64	26.39	2.19
BC-43	34.357683	62.5092	-114.1759	2012	34.36	9.40	35.04	2.91
BC-45		62.4957	-114.2813	2012	14.69	4.05	0.40	0.03
BC-46	23.8833968	62.5270	-114.3357	2012	23.88	2.98	18.90	1.57
BC-47	67.625511	62.5591	-114.3501	2012	67.63	6.34	23.29	1.93
BC-48	19.24323882	62.6440	-114.1193	2012	19.24	19.99	49.76	4.13
BC-49	317.430664	62.5385	-113.9822	2012	317.43	19.76	46.57	3.87
BC-50	317.430664	62.5462	-114.0246	2012	317.43	17.84	56.23	4.67
BC-51	11.3731994	62.2872	-113.9623	2012	11.37	31.35	28.05	2.33
BC-52	8.81157871	62.2941	-114.0033	2012	8.81	29.57	13.25	1.10
BC-53	128.574455	62.3087	-114.0213	2012	128.57	27.72	28.67	2.38
BC-54	22.4731588	62.3335	-114.0302	2012	22.47	25.31	36.39	3.02
BC-55	42.7553125	62.3385	-114.0669	2012	42.76	23.65	26.15	2.17
BC-57	58.0771917	62.3729	-114.0998	2012	58.08	19.63	7.35	0.61
BC-58	51.41686	62.4211	-114.0632	2012	51.42	17.69	15.54	1.29
BC-59	59.94808771	62.4161	-114.1392	2012	59.95	14.82	17.67	1.47
BC-60	950.369924	62.4115	-114.1596	2012	950.37	13.38	6.54	0.54
BC-61	323.193413	62.4876	-114.2426	2012	323.19	6.16	7.67	0.64
YK-11	no data	62.4845	-114.4161	2014	54.86	3.60	51.84	4.30
YK-12	no data	62.4864	-114.4248	2014	6.42	3.88	46.61	3.87
YK-14	no data	62.5573	-114.8057	2014	56.93	23.85	27.79	2.31
YK-15	no data	62.5500	-114.7641	2014	30.19	21.58	58.09	4.82
YK-17	no data	62.5075	-114.5032	2014	36.11	7.51	53.97	4.48
YK-18	no data	62.5421	-114.5442	2014	48.79	10.57	59.75	4.96
YK-20	no data	62.52005	-114.37501	2014	32.90	2.17	22.86	1.90
YK-21	no data	62.54353	-114.37782	2014	13.35	4.71	55.65	4.62
YK-22	no data	62.54876	-114.32846	2014	16.62	5.40	22.82	1.89
YK-23	no data	62.53063	-114.40330	2014	10.90	3.93	55.28	4.59
YK-24	15.6793012	62.61440	-114.37312	2014	15.68	12.52	57.29	4.76
YK-25	no data	62.67065	-114.53847	2014	2.92	20.93	47.18	3.92
YK-27	no data	62.57175	-114.25936	2014	50.70	9.25	11.81	0.98
YK-28	no data	62.50683	-114.20079	2014	18.38	8.11	29.44	2.44

Supplementary Table 4.1: Continued.

Site Name	S2	S2	S3	S3	RC	TOC	Sand	Silt	Clay	Mo	Cu	Pb
Method Detection Limit ^a										0.01	0.01	0.01
Units	mg HC/g rock	wt. %	mg HC/g rock	wt. %	%	%	%	%	%	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹	mg·kg ⁻¹
BC-37	88.94	7.38	26.70	2.22	9.92	20.75	27.80	52.05	20.14	0.77	27.24	8.55
BC-38	54.45	4.52	18.38	1.53	7.78	15.00	3.20	86.30	10.47	1.43	46.4	13.76
BC-39	11.92	0.99	7.24	0.60	2.65	4.16	9.10	80.08	10.80	0.47	25.47	11.37
BC-40	112.22	9.31	37.79	3.14	15.13	28.70	5.80	74.77	19.40	0.84	22.11	6.74
BC-41	98.80	8.20	36.79	3.05	15.39	27.41	8.30	71.48	20.26	0.68	21.41	5.77
BC-42	95.50	7.93	36.90	3.06	16.00	27.81	14.80	70.30	14.90	1.5	27.92	8.11
BC-43	111.46	9.25	37.47	3.11	13.28	27.14	4.10	83.33	12.55	1.01	29.09	5.97
BC-45	2.41	0.20	2.40	0.20	1.03	1.39	8.90	80.31	10.79	1.29	35.2	14.1
BC-46	58.30	4.84	21.01	1.74	8.94	16.32	32.30	56.60	11.08	1.89	31.7	14.93
BC-47	73.50	6.10	21.00	1.74	7.51	16.49	2.30	81.01	16.69	2.4	37.93	14.9
BC-48	132.09	10.96	39.32	3.26	11.65	28.34	11.91	72.55	15.54	0.92	23.67	5.09
BC-49	64.56	5.36	27.33	2.27	7.92	18.30	12.81	71.33	15.87	0.47	12.04	5.05
BC-50	83.66	6.94	35.00	2.91	10.17	23.23	7.50	69.03	23.47	0.6	13.26	4.49
BC-51	113.90	9.45	41.97	3.48	17.82	31.45	10.87	67.81	21.33	1.56	14.76	3.57
BC-52	52.47	4.36	17.38	1.44	7.94	14.22	17.97	61.37	20.66	0.82	23.81	7.85
BC-53	104.87	8.70	39.36	3.27	15.47	28.32	11.35	61.15	27.49	1.47	16.27	5.88
BC-54	122.68	10.18	44.76	3.72	16.83	31.97	23.53	59.73	16.74	1.37	14.96	4.76
BC-55	88.52	7.35	38.18	3.17	15.13	26.38	10.30	78.11	11.59	1.26	20.24	7.3
BC-57	23.37	1.94	11.27	0.94	4.11	7.18	5.16	87.37	7.47	0.36	22.35	10.65
BC-58	73.69	6.12	26.66	2.21	11.29	19.89	1.08	63.37	35.55	1.19	32.68	8.32
BC-59	76.81	6.38	35.75	2.97	13.64	23.11	9.78	69.27	20.95	1.46	21.22	5.79
BC-60	17.83	1.48	7.10	0.59	2.64	5.00	52.54	43.96	3.50	0.26	13.1	4.83
BC-61	32.14	2.67	12.07	1.00	4.72	8.58	0.00	69.01	30.99	0.52	25.45	11.2
YK-11	96.62	8.02	34.69	2.88	9.61	23.56	4.62	83.63	11.74	22.34	35.19	48.52
YK-12	113.46	9.42	36.03	2.99	11.26	26.30	7.67	80.01	12.31	2.99	27.9	11.99
YK-14	110.29	9.15	35.27	2.93	13.02	26.19	6.20	76.47	17.34	0.99	18.75	6.52
YK-15	103.67	8.60	43.66	3.62	13.30	28.76	9.31	76.12	14.57	1	24.54	8.51
YK-17	108.94	9.04	37.47	3.11	11.80	27.08	12.16	77.51	10.32	3.14	28.2	4
YK-18	115.24	9.56	41.89	3.48	12.16	28.60	11.25	76.05	12.70	2.23	28.69	11.65
YK-20	97.77	8.11	38.50	3.20	14.59	26.38	5.87	76.82	17.31	3.97	25.71	10.00
YK-21	125.53	10.42	37.56	3.12	10.91	27.71	13.23	77.43	9.34	1.97	42.14	10.01
YK-22	51.42	4.27	23.85	1.98	5.48	12.66	15.04	78.38	6.57	3.02	11.39	1.66
YK-23	129.49	10.75	46.35	3.85	14.92	32.42	15.49	73.62	10.90	1.77	18.97	3.94
YK-24	123.20	10.23	38.26	3.18	12.61	29.44	7.40	80.74	11.86	1.46	11.51	2.01
YK-25	100.10	8.31	47.93	3.98	11.76	26.08	13.61	71.19	15.20	4.69	58.93	10.52
YK-27	52.76	4.38	33.20	2.76	11.19	18.25	4.89	83.64	11.47	0.86	21.93	6.63
YK-28	102.65	8.52	44.99	3.73	16.80	29.95	13.19	74.57	12.24	1.28	14.35	4.79